

Whole program generation for Ocean Models

ESiWACE2 VIRTUAL workshop on *Emerging Technologies for Weather and Climate Modelling*. 30.06.2020

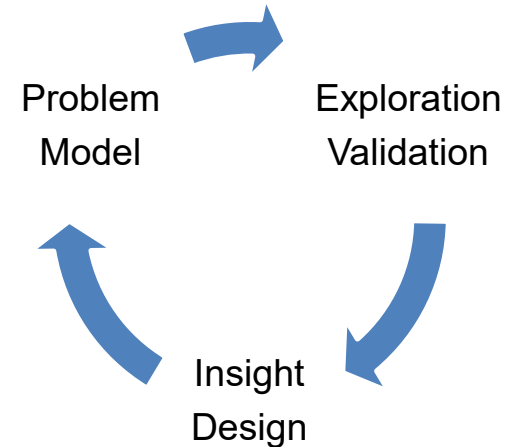
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Research Vision

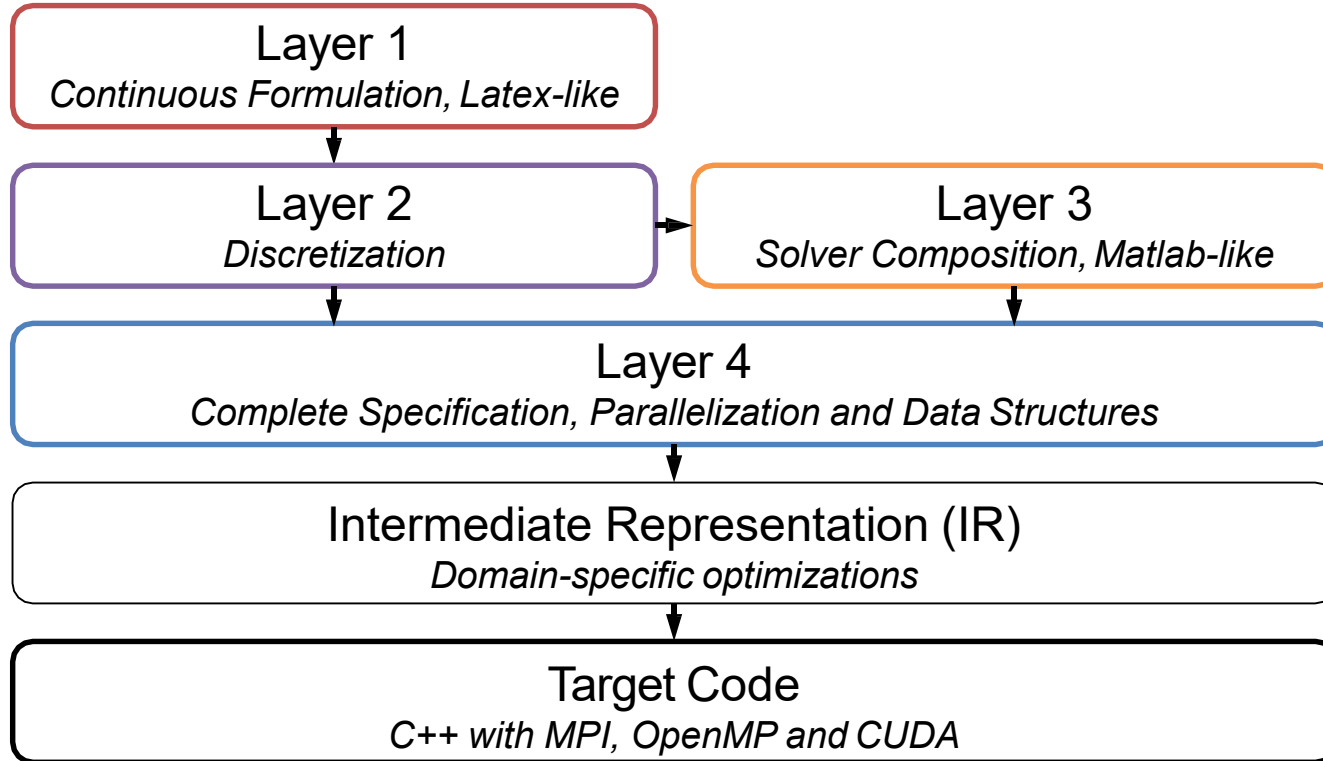
- **Automize the HPC software development process**
- **Increase**
 - *Performance*: by smart numerical algorithms and performance engineering
 - *Portability*: by using domain-specific compilers or code transforms to produce concrete implementations
 - *Productivity*: by working on different layers of abstract descriptions and separation of concerns



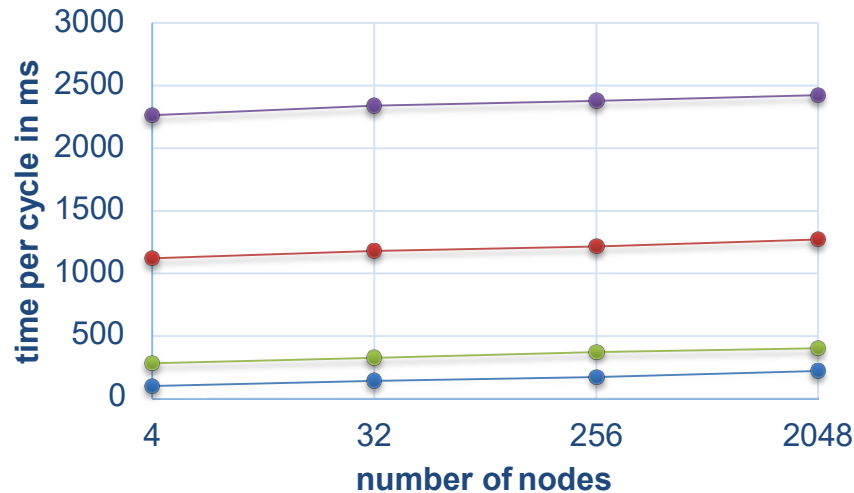
The full program generation ExaStencils approach (for geometric multigrid solvers)



Workflow (DFG SPPEXA 2013-2019, 5 PhD students)



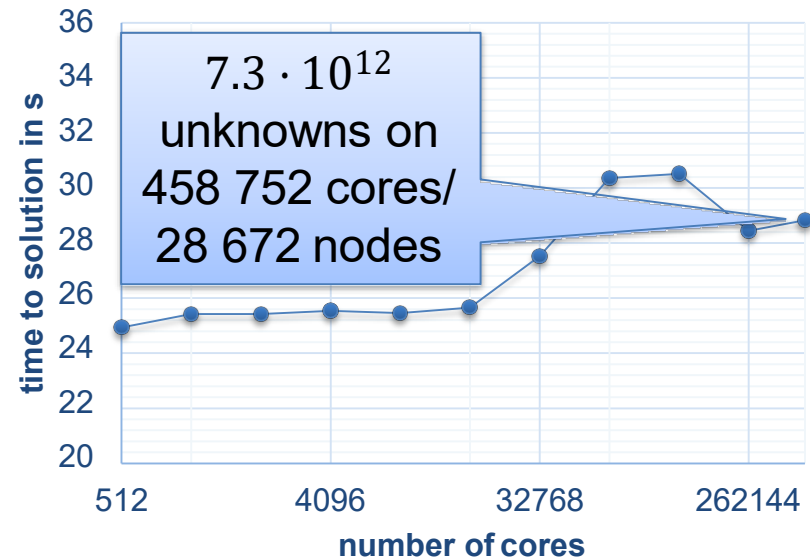
Does it run well on supercomputers?



● CC - GPU ● CC - CPU ● VC - GPU ● VC - CPU



- Pure MPI & CUDA



- Hybrid MPI/ OpenMP



The full simulation generation ExaStencils approach (for block-structured grids and DG)



Mathematical model for the 2D Shallow Water Equations (SWE)

$$\frac{\partial \xi}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\mathbf{U}) = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{\partial (\mathbf{U})}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot ((\mathbf{U})(\mathbf{U})^T / H) + \tau_{bf} \mathbf{U} + f_c \mathbf{k} \times \mathbf{U} + gH \nabla \xi = \mathbf{F} \quad (2)$$

ξ : elevation of the free water surface

$H = h_b + \xi$: total fluid depth

h_b : bathymetric depth

$\mathbf{U} = (U, V)^T$: depth integrated horizontal velocity field

f_c : Coriolis parameter

\mathbf{k} : local vertical vector

g : gravitational acceleration

τ_{bf} : bottom friction coefficient

\mathbf{F} : forcing term

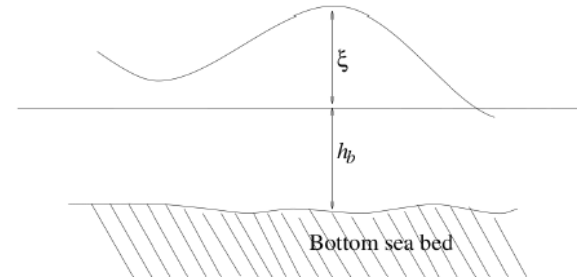
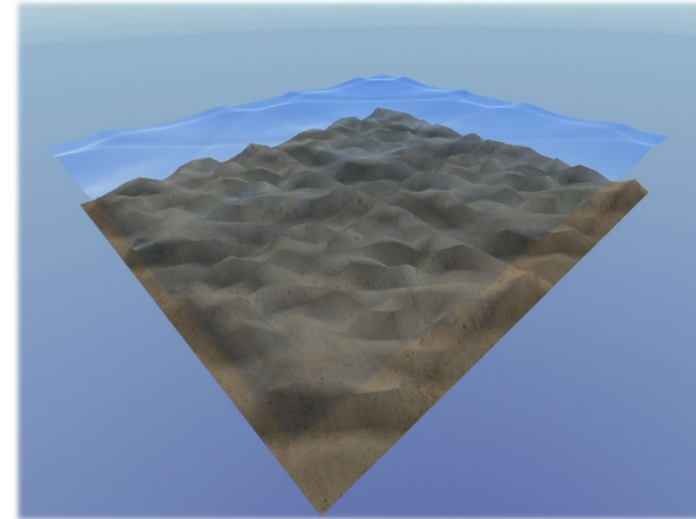
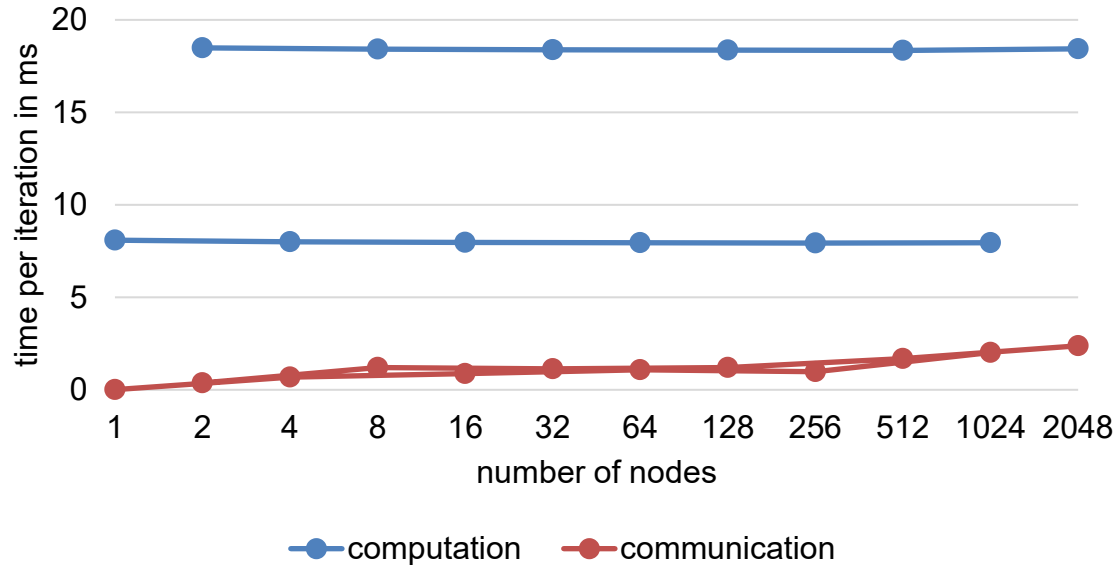


Figure: Definition of elevation and bathymetry

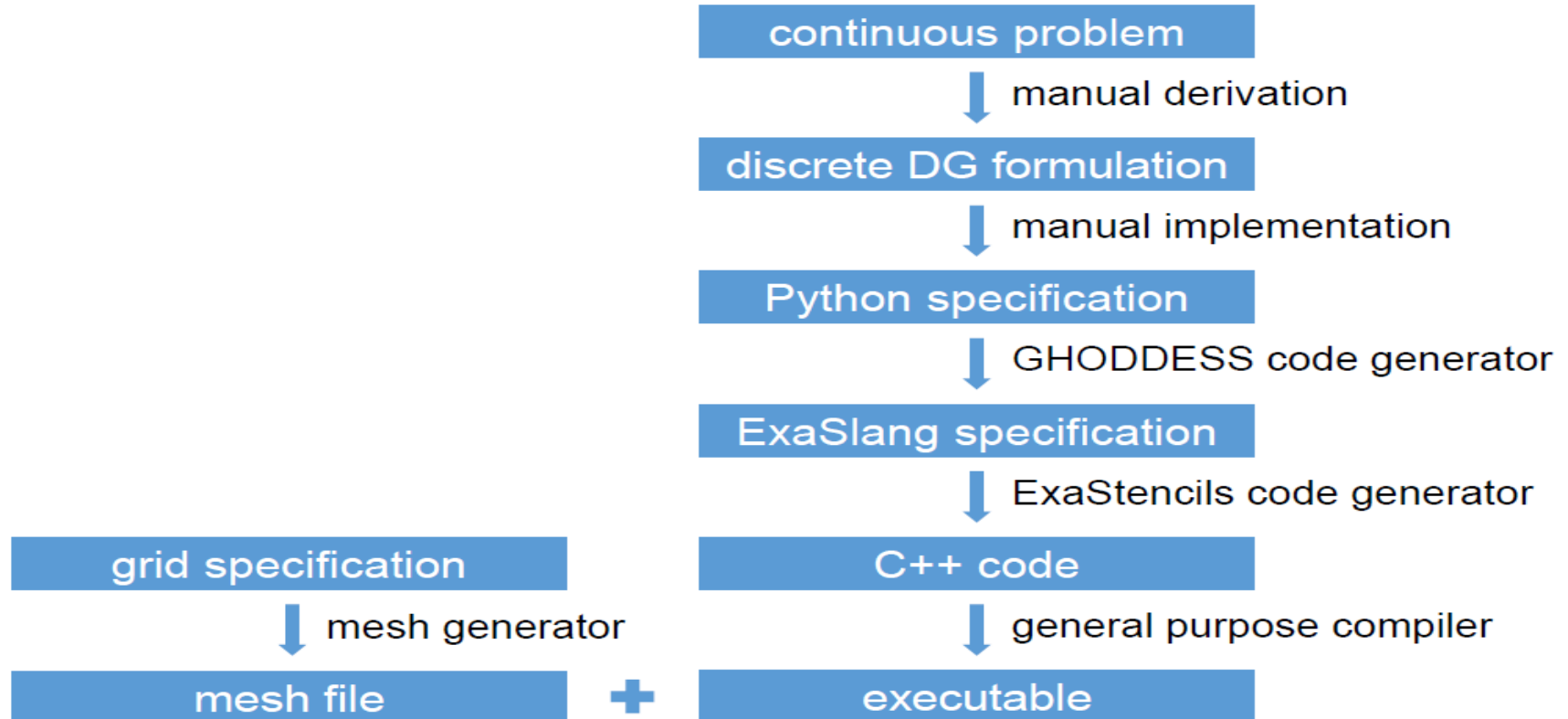
Evaluation on GPU cluster PizDaint

- Finite Volumes on a uniform grid is perfectly suited for ExaSlang



Kuckuk, Köstler. *Whole Program Generation of Massively Parallel Shallow Water Equation Solvers*. CLUSTER'18

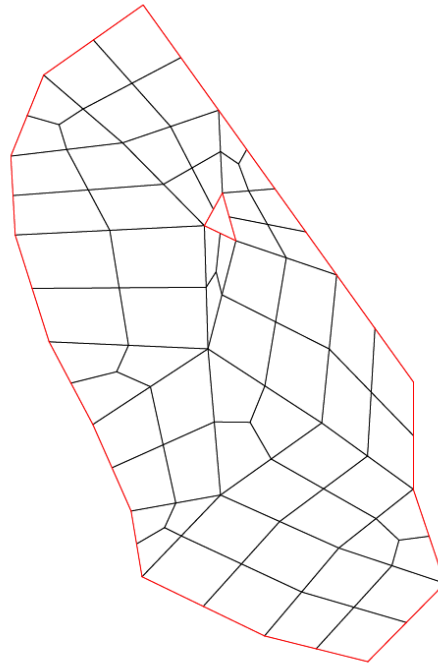
Extended Toolchain (DFG project 2016-, 3 PhD students)



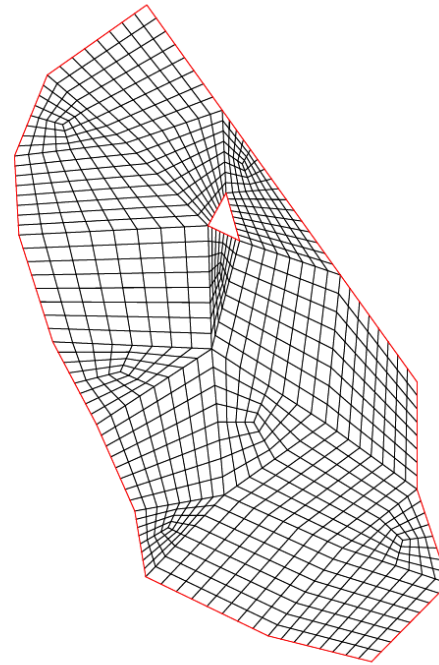
Block-structured grids in ExaStencils



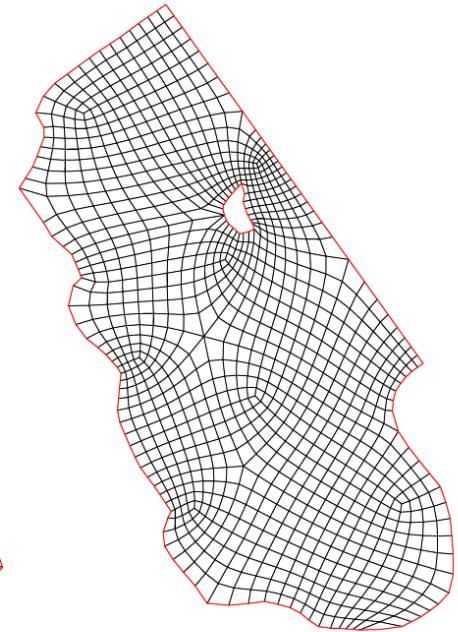
(a) Triangle mesh



(b) Patches



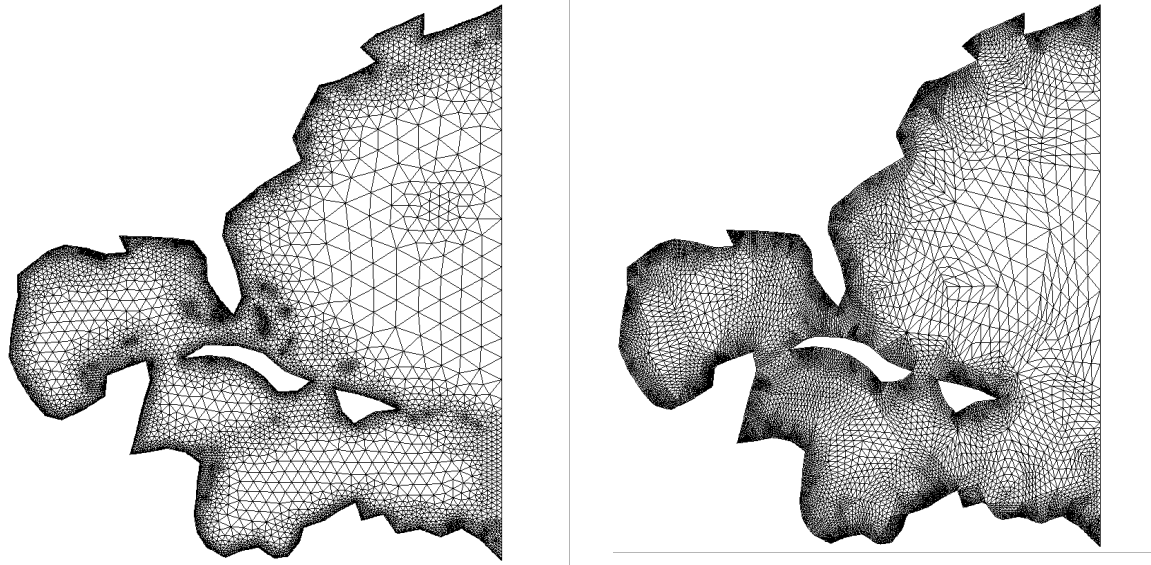
(c) Refined



(d) BSG

Numerical Results for Tide-driven Flow

Example: Flow at the US East coast with tidal forcing at open sea boundary



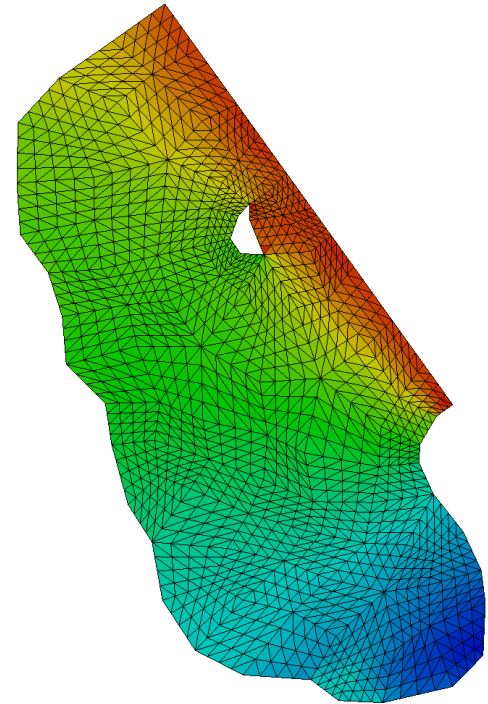
Finite element mesh with bathymetry for unstructured grid (left) and block-structured grid (right).

Reuter, Aizinger, Köstler. *A multi-platform scaling study for an OpenMP parallelization of a discontinuous Galerkin ocean model*. Computers & Fluids, 2015.

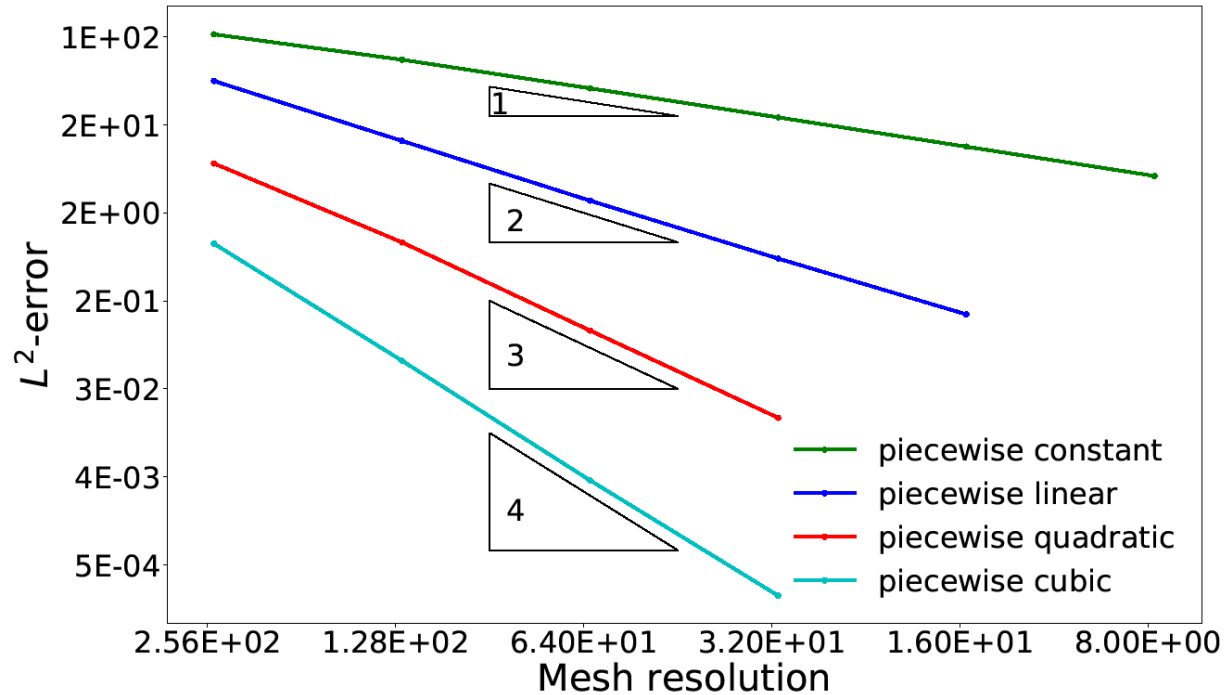
Required extensions

- Block-structured grids
 - Extension of the generator
- Higher order discretization: discontinuous Galerkin (DG)
 - Implementation as Python front end

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} P_2 \\ P_1 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} P_0 \{ \hat{\varphi}_1(\hat{\mathbf{x}}) = \sqrt{2} \\ \hat{\varphi}_2(\hat{\mathbf{x}}) = 2 - 6\hat{x}_1 \\ \hat{\varphi}_3(\hat{\mathbf{x}}) = 2\sqrt{3}(1 - \hat{x}_1 - 2\hat{x}_2) \\ \hat{\varphi}_4(\hat{\mathbf{x}}) = \sqrt{6}((10\hat{x}_1 - 8)\hat{x}_1 + 1) \\ \hat{\varphi}_5(\hat{\mathbf{x}}) = \sqrt{3}((5\hat{x}_1 - 4)\hat{x}_1 + (-15\hat{x}_2 + 12)\hat{x}_2 - 1) \\ \hat{\varphi}_6(\hat{\mathbf{x}}) = 3\sqrt{5}((3\hat{x}_1 + 8\hat{x}_2 - 4)\hat{x}_1 + (3\hat{x}_2 - 4)\hat{x}_2 + 1) \end{array} \right.$$



Convergence results for different orders



Mapping Math to Python

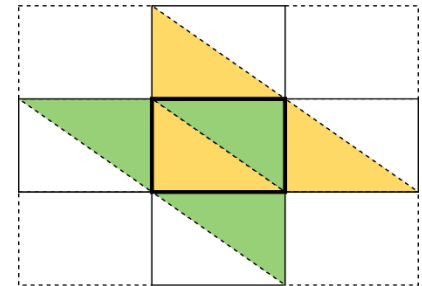
GHODDESS (Generation of Higher-Order Discretizations Deployed as ExaSlang Specifications)

- ▶ Uses Python library sympy² (analytical differentiation and integral evaluation)
- ▶ Contains classes representing triangles and data fields
- ▶ Supports quadrilateral grids only, where each element is divided into two differently oriented triangles in order to obtain a triangular grid
- ▶ Example: First part of element integral for ξ

$$\sum_{i=1}^{K(k)} \frac{c_{ei}^2}{|\det(\mathbf{B}_e)|} \left(B_{2,2}^e \int_{\hat{\Omega}} \frac{\partial \hat{\varphi}_p}{\partial \hat{x}_1} \hat{\varphi}_i d\hat{x} - B_{2,1}^e \int_{\hat{\Omega}} \frac{\partial \hat{\varphi}_p}{\partial \hat{x}_2} \hat{\varphi}_i d\hat{x} \right)$$

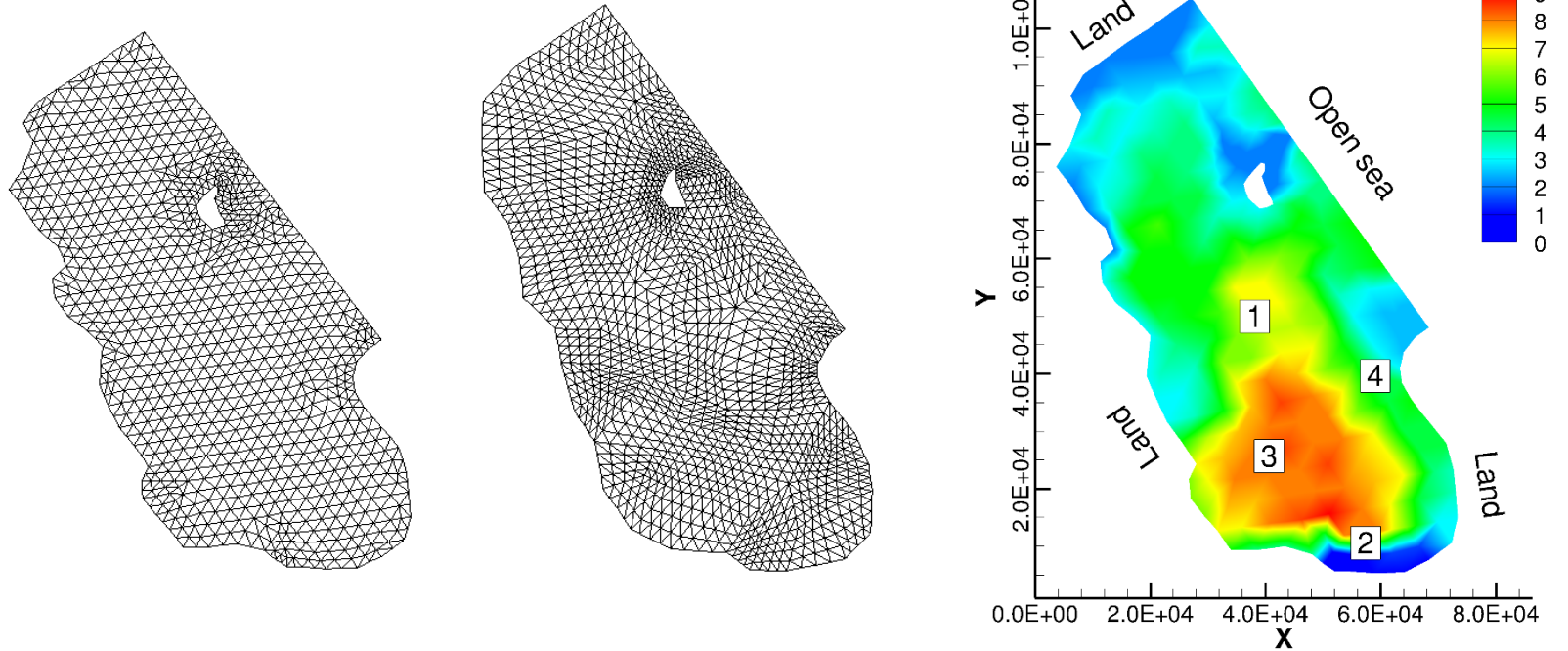
is translated to

```
sum( tri.b[1, 1] * cu(tri.orientation, k)
    * integrate_over_tri(basis.phi[k] * basis.phi_dx[p])
    - tri.b[1, 0] * cu(tri.orientation, k)
    * integrate_over_tri(basis.phi[k] * basis.phi_dy[p])
    for k in range(d)) * tri.det_b_inv
```



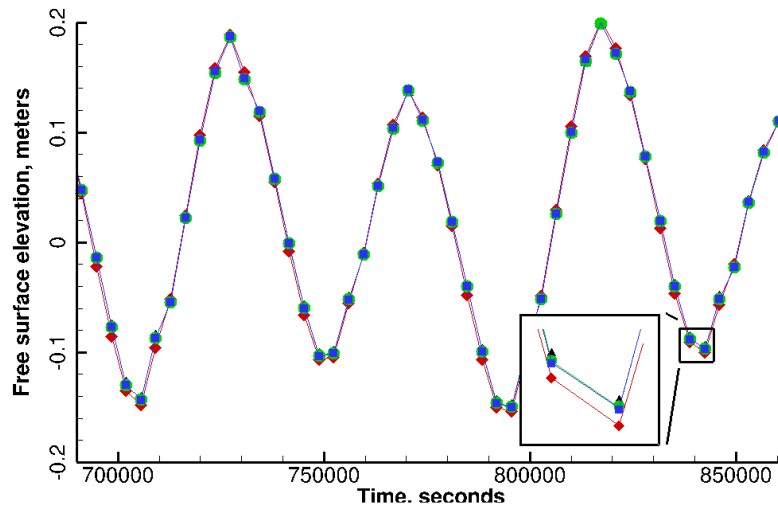
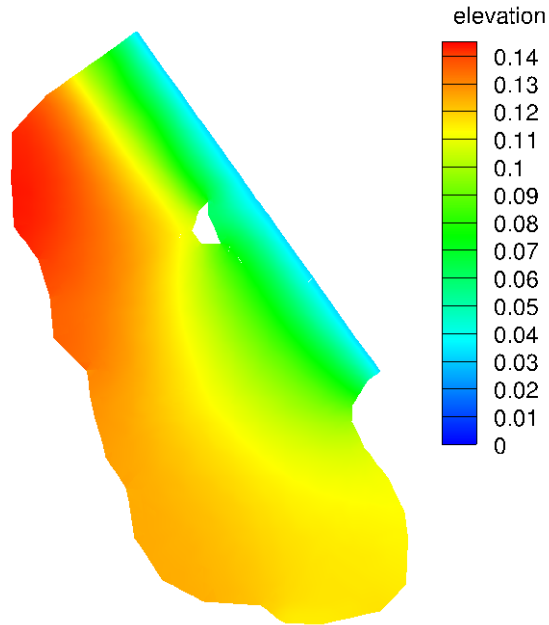
²<https://www.sympy.org>

Tidal flow at Bahamas



Original UTBEST unstructured mesh (left), automatically generated block-structured mesh used by the GHODDESS framework (middle), bathymetry and positions of recording stations (right).

Numerical results for Bahamas

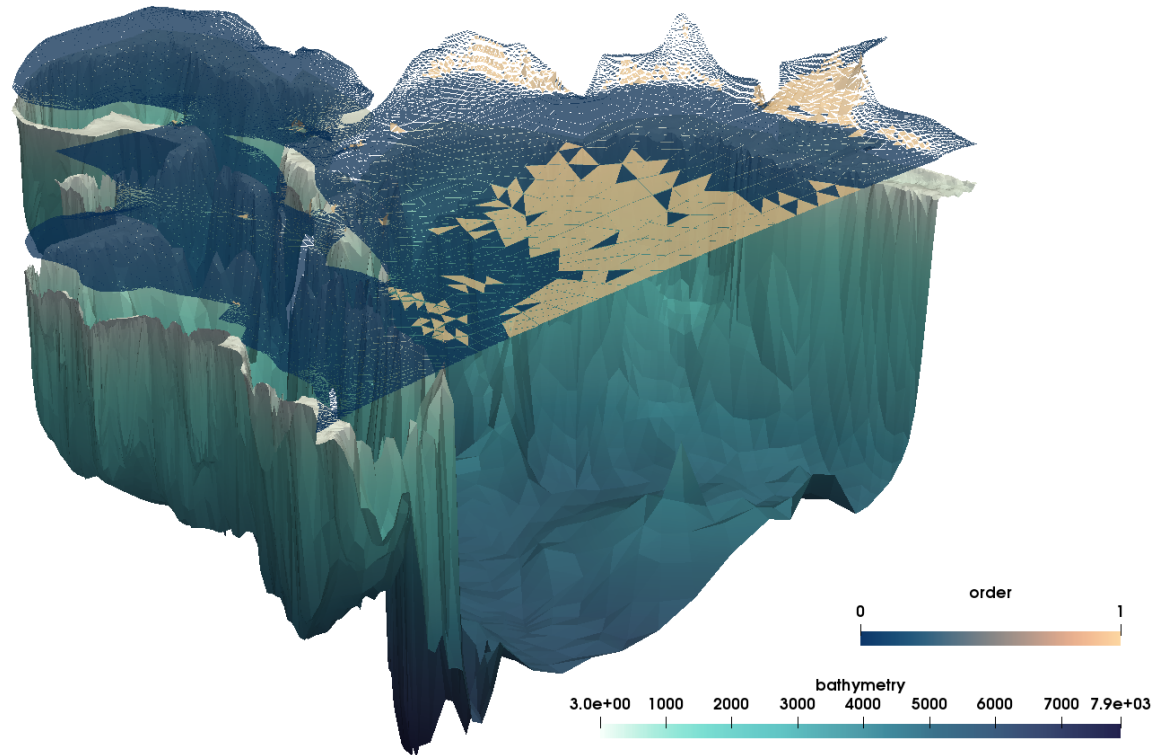


- UTBEST (block-structured) k=0
- ◆ GHODESS k=0
- UTBEST (block-structured) k=1
- ▲ UTBEST (unstructured) k=1
- GHODESS k=1
- UTBEST (block-structured) k=2
- GHODESS k=2

Runtimes per time step in ms for different scenarios

k	# elements	UTBEST (1)	GHODDESS (1)	GHODDESS (16)	α_{UT}	k	# elements	UTBEST (1)	GHODDESS (1)	GHODDESS (16)	α_{UT}
Analytical example on square domain with perturbed mesh						Tidal flow around Bahamas					
0	128	4.60E-02	1.94E-02	1.62E-01	2.38	0	2634	4.24E-01	3.29E-01	7.33E-01	1.29
	512	1.79E-01	6.63E-02	2.15E-01	2.69		10496	1.94E+00	8.65E-01	8.13E-01	2.39
	2048	7.39E-01	2.42E-01	2.60E-01	3.05		41984	1.07E+01	2.95E+00	1.20E+00	8.96
	8192	3.07E+00	9.87E-01	3.95E-01	7.77		167936	6.67E+01	1.30E+01	2.50E+00	26.61
	32768	1.40E+01	3.93E+00	7.96E-01	17.6						
1	128	3.15E-01	7.87E-02	3.19E-01	4.00	1	2634	2.17E+00	2.10E+00	2.04E+00	1.06
	512	1.23E+00	2.86E-01	4.11E-01	4.30		10496	1.05E+01	4.64E+00	2.35E+00	4.46
	2048	4.96E+00	1.12E+00	6.21E-01	7.99		41984	5.72E+01	1.99E+01	4.03E+00	14.2
	8192	2.00E+01	5.06E+00	1.14E+00	17.6		167936	3.21E+02	9.92E+01	1.62E+01	19.8
2	128	1.06E+00	5.84E-01	8.13E-01	1.31	2	2634	1.15E+01	2.34E+01	6.08E+00	1.90
	512	4.20E+00	2.09E+00	9.41E-01	3.85		10496	1.26E+02	4.21E+01	8.08E+00	15.6
	2048	1.67E+01	8.93E+00	1.80E+00	8.15		41984	7.29E+02	1.60E+02	2.18E+01	33.5
						167936	1.48E+03	8.11E+02	1.27E+02	11.6	

p-adaptivity (US east coast)



Conclusion

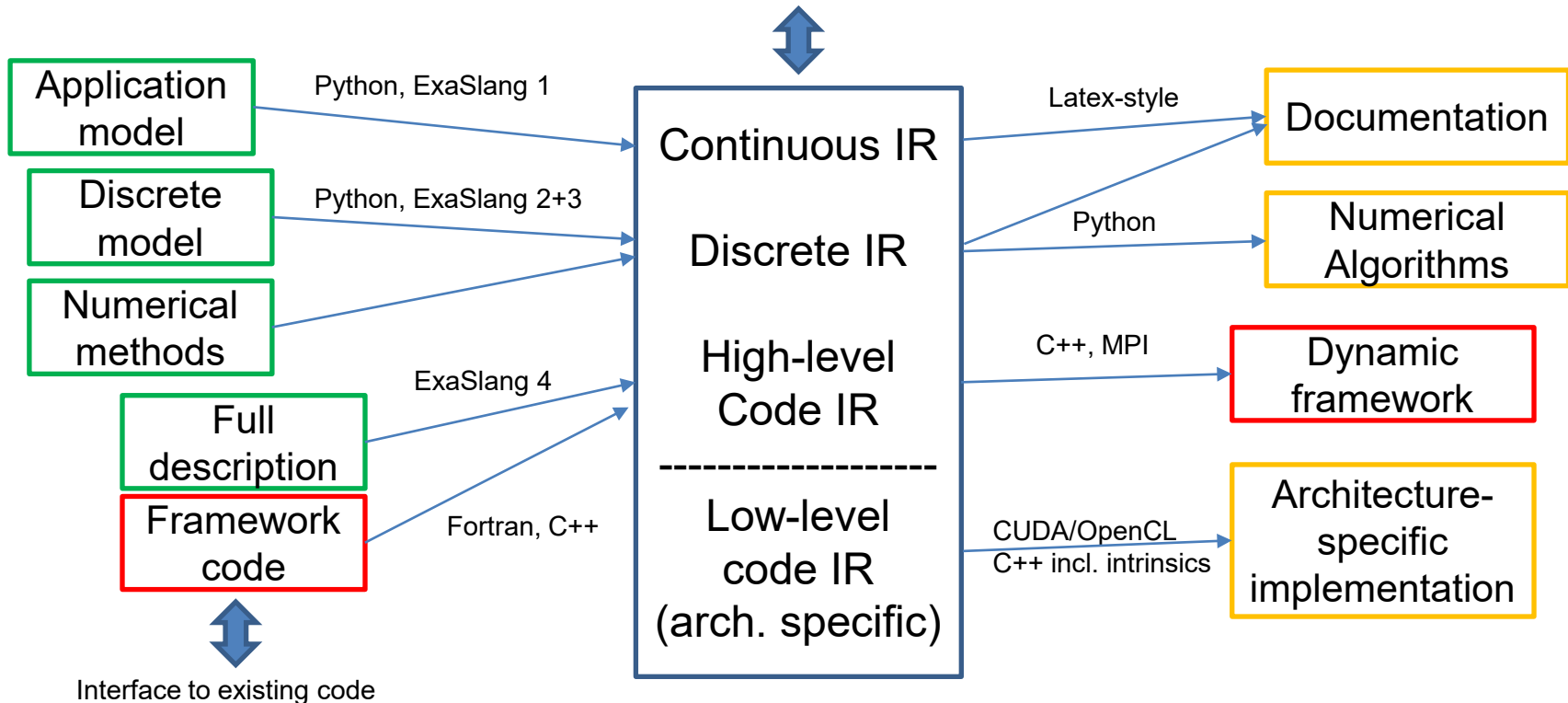
- The ExaSlang language stack and our code generation framework allows
 - Full program generation from domain-specific representations
 - **If** existing models and numerical methods are implemented or translated to ExaSlang
 - **If** the underlying block-structured grids can be used
 - And is also fast, **if** the required domain-specific optimizations are integrated in the code generator
 - **Next: provide interfaces to other technologies and codes!**

Towards dynamic HPC software frameworks



Proposed Toolchain (DFG project 2020-, 6 PhD students + 1 PostDoc)

Interfaces to other (multi-level) IRs



MITgcm/seaice Coupling

momentum equation

$$m \frac{D\mathbf{u}}{Dt} = -m f \mathbf{k} \times \mathbf{u} + \boldsymbol{\tau}_{air} + \boldsymbol{\tau}_{ocean} - m \nabla \Phi(0) + \nabla \cdot \boldsymbol{\sigma}$$

shear stress terms

$$\boldsymbol{\tau}_{ocean/air} = \rho_{ocean/air} C_{ocean/air} |\mathbf{U}_{ocean/air} - \mathbf{u}| R(\mathbf{U}_{ocean/air} - \mathbf{u})$$

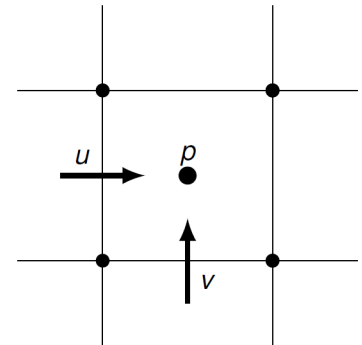


Figure: The staggered C-grid used by MITgcm and seaice

Fortran framework integration

- Analog to OpenMP (C\$OMP) and OpenACC (C\$ACC) annotations
- ExaSlang 4 code with extra modifiers if necessary
- Steps:
 - parse Fortran code in all caps but keep case for annotations
 - sort and merge individual variable/constant/field declaration statements
 - progress to layer 4 IR
 - drop arguments and globals
 - convert absolute array index with relative offset
 - insert constants, simplify expression, remove loop variable
 - if annotated replace with given layer 4 code using parser
 - case insensitive name resolution of globals fields, global variables and function calls
 - Fortran backend for ExaStencils code generation framework

Example

Abstract formulation

res = Laplace * U
return max(res)

Fortran code

```
!$EXA Function Residual@all() : Double
Real*8 function Residual()
  implicit none

  Integer NPoints, i, j
  Real*8 norm, U, RHS, RES, C, N, S, W, E
  Parameter(NPoints=42)
  Dimension U(0:NPoints+1, 0:NPoints+1)
  Dimension RHS(NPoints, NPoints)
  Dimension RES(NPoints, NPoints)
  Dimension C(NPoints, NPoints)
  Dimension N(NPoints, NPoints)
  Dimension S(NPoints, NPoints)
  Dimension W(NPoints, NPoints)
  Dimension E(NPoints, NPoints)
  Common /fields/ U, RHS, RES, C, N, S, W, E

  norm = 0
!$EXA loop over RES with reduction(max: norm) collapse(2)
  DO i = 1, NPoints
    DO j = 1, NPoints
      res(i,j) = rhs(i,j) - ( C(i,j)*U(i,j) +
&      N(i,j)*U(i-1,j) + S(i,j)*U(i+1,j) +
&      W(i,j)*U(i,j-1) + E(i,j)*U(i,j+1) )
      norm = max(abs(res(i,j)), norm)
    ENDDO
  ENDDO

  Residual = norm
end function
```

generated layer 4 code

```
Function Residual@all : Double {
  Var RESIDUAL : Double
  Var I : Integer
  Var J : Integer
  Var NORM : Double
  Val NPOINTS : Integer = 42

  NORM = 0
  loop over RES with reduction ( max : NORM ) {
    RES@[0, 0] = ( RHS@[0, 0] - ( ( ( ( C@[0, 0] * U@[0, 0] ) +
      ( N@[0, 0] * U@[-1, 0] ) ) + ( S@[0, 0] * U@[1, 0] ) ) +
      ( W@[0, 0] * U@[0, -1] ) ) + ( E@[0, 0] * U@[0, 1] ) ) )
    NORM = max ( abs ( RES@[0, 0] ), NORM )
  }
  RESIDUAL = NORM
  return RESIDUAL
```


Future Work

- **Performance Portability:** Sustained performance engineering
- **Higher-order DG:** Optimize p-adaptivity
- **Parallel Data structures:** Extend possible grid types
- **New Applications:** e.g. Tsunami, storm surge (add wetting/drying), particles
- **AI Integration:** Auto-tuned numerical methods
- **Dynamic framework:** Code Generation for Automatic Interfaces, MLIR
- Collaborative work with Peano, DUNE and MITgcm
- Connect to other code generation approaches in climate simulation
- Better accessibility – documentation & tutorials

- Acknowledgements and Fundings

- Bundesministerium für Bildung und Forschung
- KONWIHR. Bavarian project
- DFG SPP 1648/1 – Software for Exascale computing



des Bundesministeriums für Bildung und Forschung von Richtlinien zur Förderung von Forschungsvorhaben auf dem Gebiet "HPC-Software für skalierbare Parallelrechner" im Rahmen des Förderprogramms "IKT 2020 - Forschung für Innovationen"



ExaStencils

<https://www.exastencils.fau.de/>



- DFG Projekt Projekts *Vollständig-generierte adaptive Methoden höherer Ordnung für Ozeanmodellierung auf block-strukturierten Gittern and Dynamische HPC Softwarepakete: Nahtlose Integration von existierenden Softwarepaketen und Codegenerierungstechniken*
- Supercomputing centers



H L R I S



CSCS
Centro Svizzero di Calcolo Scientifico
Swiss National Supercomputing Centre

Thank you for your attention!



ExaStencils is now open source:

<https://i10git.cs.fau.de/exastencils/release>